

according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended

Creation Date 22-Jan-2018 Revision Date 15-Feb-2024 Revision Number 4

# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: <u>Carbon conductive cement adhesive</u>

Cat No. : 41212

Unique Formula Identifier (UFI) W0A1-05Q4-6X0Y-6M3J

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd. (Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific)

Shore Road, Heysham Lancashire, LA3 2XY, United Kingdom

Office Tel: +44 (0) 1524 850506 Office Fax: +44 (0) 1524 850608

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No. **US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

Poison Centre - Emergency information services

Ireland: National Poisons Information Centre (NPIC) -

01 809 2166 (8am-10pm, 7 days a week)

Malta: +356 2395 2000 Cyprus: +357 2240 5611

## **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

#### **Physical hazards**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

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#### **Health hazards**

Aspiration Toxicity
Skin Corrosion/Irritation
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation
Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)
Category 2 (H319)
Category 2 (H373)

#### **Environmental hazards**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

#### 2.2. Label elements



## Signal Word

## **Danger**

#### **Hazard Statements**

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

#### **Precautionary Statements**

P301 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

## 2.3. Other hazards

Contains a known or suspected endocrine disruptor Contains a substance on the National Authorities Endocrine Disruptor Lists

## **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567
Proprietary non-hazardous ingredients	N/A		25 - 50	-
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	1330-20-7	EEC No. 215-535-7	10 - 25	Flam. Liq. 3 (H226) Asp. Tox. 1 (H304) Acute Tox. 4 (H312)

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	•			Acute Tox. 4 (H332)
				Skin Irrit. 2 (H315)
				Eye Irrit. 2 (H319)
				STOT SE 3 (H335)
				STOT RE 2 (H373)
				Aquatic Chronic 3 (H412)
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	EEC No. 201-159-0	10 - 25	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225)
				Eye Irrit. 2 (H319)
				STOT SE 3 (H336)
				(EUH066)
Acetone	67-64-1	200-662-2	10 - 25	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225)
				Eye Irrit. 2 (H319)
				STOT SE 3 (H336)
				EUH066
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	108-65-6	EEC No. 203-603-9	5 - 10	Flam. Liq. 3 (H226)
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	EEC No. 205-500-4	5 - 10	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225)
				Eye Irrit. 2 (H319)
				STOT SE 3 (H336)
				EUH066

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

## **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician.

**Eye Contact** Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

**Skin Contact** Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists,

call a physician.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center

immediately. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward.

**Inhalation** Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur. Risk of serious damage to the lungs (by aspiration).

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

None reasonably foreseeable. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

## 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

## **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

## **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

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Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

#### **Hazardous Combustion Products**

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

## **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

## **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation.

#### **Hygiene Measures**

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Class 10 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

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## **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

## 8.1. Control parameters

## **Exposure limits**

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2021 Code of Practice for the Chemical Agents Regulations, Schedule 1. Published by the Health and Safety Authority

Component	The United Kingdom	European Union	Ireland
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	STEL: 100 ppm 15 min	TWA: 50 ppm (8h)	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr.
	STEL: 441 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min	TWA: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8h)	TWA: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr	STEL: 100 ppm (15min)	STEL: 100 ppm 15 min
	TWA: 220 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr	STEL: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (15min)	STEL: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min
	Skin	Skin	Skin
Methyl ethyl ketone	STEL: 300 ppm 15 min	TWA: 200 ppm (8h)	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hr.
	STEL: 899 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min	TWA: 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8h)	TWA: 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr.
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hr	STEL: 300 ppm (15min)	STEL: 300 ppm 15 min
	TWA: 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr	STEL: 900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (15min)	STEL: 900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min
	Skin		Skin
Acetone	TWA: 500 ppm	TWA: 500 ppm (8h)	TWA: 500 ppm 8 hr.
	TWA: 1210 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 1210 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8h)	TWA: 1210 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr.
	STEL: 1500 ppm		STEL: 1500 ppm 15 min
	STEL: 3620 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		STEL: 3630 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	STEL: 100 ppm 15 min	TWA: 50 ppm (8h)	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr.
	STEL: 548 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min	TWA: 275 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8h)	TWA: 275 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr	STEL: 100 ppm (15min)	STEL: 100 ppm 15 min
	TWA: 274 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr	STEL: 550 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (15min)	STEL: 550 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min
	Skin	Skin	Skin
Ethyl acetate	STEL: 1468 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min	TWA: 734 mg/m³ (8h)	TWA: 734 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr.
	STEL: 400 ppm 15 min	TWA: 200 ppm (8h)	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hr.
	TWA: 734 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr	STEL: 1468 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (15min)	STEL: 1468 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hr	STEL: 400 ppm (15min)	STEL: 400 ppm 15 min

## **Biological limit values**

List source(s): **UK** - Biological Monitoring Guidance Values provided by the UK's Health and Safety Executive (HSE) Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 (as amended) and EH40/2005.

Component	United Kingdom	European Union
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	Methyl hippuric acid: 650 mmol/mol	
	creatinine urine post shift	
Methyl ethyl ketone	Butan-2-one: 70 µmol/L urine post shift	

## Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) 1330-20-7 ( 10 - 25 )	(Bormar)	oyotomio (Bormar)	(Sormary	DNEL = 212mg/kg bw/day
Methyl ethyl ketone 78-93-3 ( 10 - 25 )				DNEL = 1161mg/kg bw/day
Acetone 67-64-1 ( 10 - 25 )				DNEL = 186mg/kg bw/day
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate 108-65-6 ( 5 - 10 )				DNEL = 796mg/kg bw/day
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6 ( 5 - 10 )				DNEL = 63mg/kg bw/day

Component	Acute effects local	Acute effects	Chronic effects local	Chronic effects
	(Inhalation)	systemic (Inhalation)	(Inhalation)	systemic (Inhalation)
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	DNEL = 442mg/m <sup>3</sup>	$DNEL = 442 mg/m^3$	DNEL = $221 \text{mg/m}^3$	DNEL = $221 \text{mg/m}^3$

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1330-20-7 ( 10 - 25 )				
Methyl ethyl ketone				$DNEL = 600 mg/m^3$
78-93-3 ( 10 - 25 )				
Acetone	DNEL = 2420mg/m <sup>3</sup>			$DNEL = 1210 \text{mg/m}^3$
67-64-1 ( 10 - 25 )	_			_
Propylene glycol monomethyl	DNEL = $550 \text{mg/m}^3$			DNEL = $275$ mg/m <sup>3</sup>
ether acetate	_			
108-65-6 ( 5 - 10 )				
Ethyl acetate	DNEL = 1468 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	DNEL = 1468 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	DNEL = 734 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	DNEL = $734$ mg/m <sup>3</sup>
141-78-6 ( 5 - 10 )	400 ppm	400 ppm	200 ppm	_

## **Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)**

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in	Soil (Agriculture)
		sediment		sewage treatment	
Xylenes (o-, m-, p-	PNEC = 0.327mg/L	PNEC =	PNEC = 0.327mg/L	PNEC = 6.58mg/L	PNEC = 2.31mg/kg
isomers)		12.46mg/kg			soil dw
1330-20-7 ( 10 - 25 )		sediment dw			
Methyl ethyl ketone	PNEC = 55.8mg/L	PNEC =	PNEC = 55.8mg/L	PNEC = 709mg/L	PNEC = 22.5mg/kg
78-93-3 ( 10 - 25 )	_	284.74mg/kg			soil dw
		sediment dw			
Acetone	PNEC = 10.6mg/L	PNEC = 30.4 mg/kg	PNEC = 21mg/L	PNEC = 100mg/L	PNEC = 29.5 mg/kg
67-64-1 ( 10 - 25 )		sediment dw			soil dw
Propylene glycol	PNEC = 0.635mg/L	PNEC = 3.29mg/kg	PNEC = 6.35mg/L	PNEC = 100mg/L	PNEC = 0.29mg/kg
monomethyl ether acetate		sediment dw			soil dw
108-65-6 ( 5 - 10 )					
Ethyl acetate	PNEC = 0.24mg/L	PNEC = 1.15mg/kg	PNEC = 1.65mg/L	PNEC = 650mg/L	PNEC =
141-78-6 (5 - 10)		sediment dw			0.148mg/kg soil dw

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water intermittent	Food chain	Air
Xylenes (o-, m-, p-	PNEC = 0.327mg/L	PNEC =			
isomers)		12.46mg/kg			
1330-20-7 ( 10 - 25 )		sediment dw			
Methyl ethyl ketone	PNEC = 55.8mg/L	PNEC =		PNEC = 1000mg/kg	
78-93-3 ( 10 - 25 )		284.7mg/kg		food	
		sediment dw			
Acetone	PNEC = 1.06mg/L	PNEC = 3.04mg/kg			
67-64-1 ( 10 - 25 )		sediment dw			
Propylene glycol	PNEC =	PNEC =			
monomethyl ether acetate	0.0635mg/L	0.329mg/kg			
108-65-6 ( 5 - 10 )		sediment dw			
Ethyl acetate	PNEC = 0.024mg/L	PNEC =		PNEC = 0.2g/kg	_
141-78-6 ( 5 - 10 )		0.115mg/kg		food	
		sediment dw			

## 8.2. Exposure controls

## **Engineering Measures**

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

**Eye Protection** Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

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Breakthrough time Glove thickness **EU** standard Glove comments Glove material Viton (R) See manufacturers **FN 374** (minimum requirement) recommendations

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing.

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

**Respiratory Protection** When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

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and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

**Recommended Filter type:** low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to

EN371

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

**Environmental exposure controls** Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water

system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Physical State** Liquid paste Solid

Black **Appearance** Solvent-like Odor No data available **Odor Threshold Melting Point/Range** No data available **Softening Point** No data available 55 °C / 131 °F **Boiling Point/Range** Not applicable Flammability (liquid)

Solid Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

**Explosion Limits** Lower 1% **Upper** 13%

**Flash Point** -19 °C / -2.2 °F Method - No information available

315 °C / 599 °F **Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature** No data available рΗ No information available

Viscosity Not applicable Solid

Water Solubility Partially soluble

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Component loa Pow Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) 3.15 Methyl ethyl ketone 0.29 Acetone -0.24Propylene glycol monomethyl ether 1.2 acetate

Ethyl acetate 0.73

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Vapor PressureNo data available

Density / Specific Gravity

No data available

Bulk Density

Not applicable

Bulk DensityNot applicableLiquidVapor DensityNot applicableSolid

Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

9.2. Other information

**Explosive Properties** Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

Evaporation Rate Not applicable - Solid

## **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous PolymerizationNo information available.Hazardous ReactionsNone under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

None known.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Thermal decomposition can lead to release

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of irritating gases and vapors.

## **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

## **Product Information**

(a) acute toxicity;

OralBased on available data, the classification criteria are not metDermalBased on available data, the classification criteria are not metInhalationBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met

#### Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation	
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	LD50 = 3500  mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 > 4350 mg/kg (Rabbit)	29.08 mg/L [MOE Risk	
			Assessment Vol.1, 2002]	
Methyl ethyl ketone	LD50 = 2483 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 5000 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	LC50 = 11700 ppm (Rat) 4 h	
Acetone	5800 mg/kg ( Rat )	> 15800 mg/kg (rabbit) > 7400 mg/kg (rat)	76 mg/l, 4 h, (rat)	
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	LD50 = 8532 mg/kg ( Rat )	LD50 > 5 g/kg(Rabbit)	LC50 = 16000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ( Rat ) 6 h	
Ethyl acetate	10,200 mg/kg ( Rat )	> 20 mL/kg ( Rabbit ) > 18000 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	58 mg/l (rat; 8 h)	

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(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 2

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 2

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

**Respiratory Skin**No data available
No data available

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Acetone 67-64-1 ( 10 - 25 )	Guinea Pig Maximisation Test (GPMT)	guinea pig	non-sensitising
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6 ( 5 - 10 )	OECD Test Guideline 406	guinea pig	- non-sensitising

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Acetone 67-64-1 ( 10 - 25 )	OECD Test Guideline 471 AMES test	in vivo	negative
	OECD Test Guideline 476  Mammalian  Gene cell mutation	in vitro	negative
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6 ( 5 - 10 )	OECD Test Guideline 471 AMES test	in vitro Bacteria	negative
	OECD Test Guideline 473 Chromosomal aberration assay	in vitro Mammalian	negative
	OECD Test Guideline 476 Gene cell mutation	in vitro Mammalian	negative
	OECD Test Guideline 474 Mouse micronucleus assay	in vivo Mammalian	negative

(f) carcinogenicity; No data available

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity; No data available

L	Component	Test method	Test species / Duration	Study result
Γ	Ethyl acetate	OECD Test Guideline 416	Oral	NOAEL =
	141-78-6 (5 - 10)		mouse 2 Generation	26400 mg/kg bw/day
		OECD Test Guideline 414	Inhalation Rat	NOAEC = 73300 mg/m³

(h) STOT-single exposure; No data available

Results / Target organs Central nervous system (CNS).

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Category 2

Target Organs Heart, Liver, Kidney.

(j) aspiration hazard; Category 1

**Symptoms / effects,both acute and** Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, delayed tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

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11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health

Contains a substance on the National Authorities Endocrine Disruptor Lists

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Component	EU National Authorities Endocrine Disruptor Lists - Health
Methyl ethyl ketone 78-93-3 ( 10 - 25 )	List II

## **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

12.1. Toxicity
Ecotoxicity effects

The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. Contains a substance which is:. Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	LC50: 30.26 - 40.75 mg/L, 96h static (Poecilia reticulata) LC50: = 780 mg/L, 96h semi-static (Cyprinus carpio) LC50: 23.53 - 29.97 mg/L, 96h static (Pimephales promelas) LC50: > 780 mg/L, 96h (Cyprinus carpio) LC50: 7.711 - 9.591 mg/L, 96h static (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: = 19 mg/L, 96h (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: 13.1 - 16.5 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: 13.5 - 17.3 mg/L, 96h (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: 2.661 - 4.093 mg/L, 96h static (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: = 13.4 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Pimephales promelas)	LC50: = 0.6 mg/L, 48h (Gammarus lacustris) EC50: = 3.82 mg/L, 48h (water flea)	
Methyl ethyl ketone	Lepomis macrochirus: LC50=3,22 g/L 96 h	EC50: = 5091 mg/L, 48h (Daphnia magna) EC50: 4025 - 6440 mg/L, 48h Static (Daphnia magna) EC50: > 520 mg/L, 48h (Daphnia magna)	
Acetone	Oncorhynchus mykiss: LC50 = 5540 mg/l 96h Alburnus alburnus: LC50 = 11000 mg/l 96h Leuciscus idus: LC50 = 11300 mg/L/48h Salmo gairdneri: LC50 = 6100 mg/L/24h	EC50 = 8800 mg/L/48h EC50 = 12700 mg/L/48h EC50 = 12600 mg/L/48h	NOEC = 430 mg/l (algae; 96 h)
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	LC50: = 161 mg/L, 96h static (Pimephales promelas)	EC50: > 500 mg/L, 48h (Daphnia magna)	
Ethyl acetate	Fathead minnow: LC50: 230 mg/l/ 96h Gold orfe: LC50: 270 mg/L/48h	EC50 = 717 mg/L/48h	EC50 = 3300 mg/L/48h

Component	Microtox	M-Factor
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	EC50 = 0.0084 mg/L 24 h	
Methyl ethyl ketone	EC50 = 3403 mg/L 30 min EC50 = 3426 mg/L 5 min	

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Acetone	EC50 = 14500 mg/L/15 min	
Ethyl acetate	EC50 = 1180 mg/L 5 min EC50 = 1500 mg/L 15 min EC50 = 5870 mg/L 15 min	
	EC50 = 1300 Hig/L 13 Hill EC50 = 5870 mg/L 15 min EC50 = 7400 mg/L 2 h	

12.2. Persistence and degradability No information available

**Persistence** Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

Component	Degradability
Methyl ethyl ketone 78-93-3 ( 10 - 25 )	98% (28d)
Acetone 67-64-1 ( 10 - 25 )	91 % (28 d) (OECD 301 B)
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6 ( 5 - 10 )	79 % (20 d) (OECD 301 D)

Degradation in sewage treatment plant

Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants.

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12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	3.15	0.6 - 15 dimensionless
Methyl ethyl ketone	0.29	No data available
Acetone	-0.24	0.69 dimensionless
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	1.2	No data available
Ethyl acetate	0.73	30 dimensionless

12.4. Mobility in soil

The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all

surfaces Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Disperses rapidly in

air

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

No data available for assessment.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

12.7. Other adverse effects

Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

## **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers

retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC) According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the

application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains.

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## **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

## IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number UN1133 14.2. UN proper shipping name **ADHESIVES** 

3 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 14.4. Packing group II

## ADR

14.1. UN number UN1133 **ADHESIVES** 14.2. UN proper shipping name

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group II

#### IATA

14.1. UN number UN1133 **ADHESIVES** 14.2. UN proper shipping name

3 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 14.4. Packing group Π

No hazards identified 14.5. Environmental hazards

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk Not applicable, packaged goods

according to IMO instruments

## **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

## **International Inventories**

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Proprietary non-hazardous ingredients	N/A	-	ı	-	-	-	-	1	ı
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	1330-20-7	215-535-7	-	-	X	X	KE-35427	X	Х
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	201-159-0	-	-	Х	X	KE-24094	X	Х
Acetone	67-64-1	200-662-2	-	-	X	X	KE-29367	X	Х
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	108-65-6	203-603-9	-	-	Х	Х	KE-23315	Х	Х
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	205-500-4	-	-	Х	Х	KE-00047	Х	Х

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Proprietary non-hazardous ingredients	N/A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	1330-20-7	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х
Acetone	67-64-1	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	108-65-6	X	ACTIVE	X	-	Х	Х	Х
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х

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**Legend:** X - Listed '-' - Not Listed **KECL** - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

## Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Proprietary non-hazardous ingredients	N/A	-	-	-
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	1330-20-7	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-
Acetone	67-64-1	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	108-65-6	-	-	-
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-

#### **REACH links**

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

## Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements
Proprietary non-hazardous ingredients	N/A	Not applicable	Not applicable
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	1330-20-7	Not applicable	Not applicable
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	Not applicable	Not applicable
Acetone	67-64-1	Not applicable	Not applicable
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	108-65-6	Not applicable	Not applicable
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	Not applicable	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)?

Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

## **National Regulations**

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

**WGK Classification** 

Water endangering class = 2 (self classification)

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Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	WGK2	
Methyl ethyl ketone	WGK1	
Acetone	WGK1	
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	WGK1	
Ethyl acetate	WGK1	

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)		
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 4bis,RG 84		
Methyl ethyl ketone	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84		
Acetone	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84		
Propylene glycol monomethyl	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84		
ether acetate			
Ethyl acetate	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84		

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) 1330-20-7 ( 10 - 25 )	Prohibited and Restricted Substances	Group II	
Methyl ethyl ketone 78-93-3 ( 10 - 25 )		Group I	
Acetone 67-64-1 ( 10 - 25 )		Group I	
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate 108-65-6 ( 5 - 10 )		Group I	
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6 ( 5 - 10 )		Group I	

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

## **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

## Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H312 - Harmful in contact with skin

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

#### Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

Substances List **ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

**IECSC** - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

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WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

**ACGIH** - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

**DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%
EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%
POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water
vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

TWA - Time Weighted Average

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ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road

**IMO/IMDG** - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime

Dangerous Goods Code

**OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

**BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

Ships **ATE** - Acute Toxicity Estimate

**Transport Association** 

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

Key literature references and sources for data https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Physical hazards

Health Hazards

Calculation method

Environmental hazards

On basis of test data

Calculation method

Calculation method

**Training Advice** 

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Chemical incident response training.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts.

Prepared By Health, Safety and Environmental Department

**Creation Date** 22-Jan-2018 **Revision Date** 15-Feb-2024

**Revision Summary** New emergency telephone response service provider.

# This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended.

#### Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

## **End of Safety Data Sheet**