

according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended

Creation Date 18-Jun-2010

Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

Revision Number 7

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: Cat No. : Thymol blue 0.04% solution T/1470L/08

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use	Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against	No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

UK entity/business name Fisher Scientific UK Bishop Meadow Road, Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

EU entity/business name

Thermo Fisher Scientific Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a 2440 Geel, Belgium

E-mail address

begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Tel: 01509 231166 Chemtrec US: (800) 424-9300 Chemtrec EU: 001-703-527-3887

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids

Category 3 (H226)

Health hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Environmental hazards

Thymol blue 0.04% solution

Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Warning

Hazard Statements

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

Precautionary Statements

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	200-578-6	17.2	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225)
Acetone	67-64-1	200-662-2	1.65	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) STOT SE 3 (H336) EUH066
Methyl alcohol	67-56-1	200-659-6	0.9	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Acute Tox. 3 (H301) Acute Tox. 3 (H311) Acute Tox. 3 (H331) STOT SE 1 (H370)
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	215-185-5	0.03	Skin Corr. 1A (H314) Eye Dam. 1 (H318)
Thymol blue	76-61-9	EEC No. 200-973-3	0.04	-
Water	7732-18-5	231-791-2	80.18	-

Component	Specific concentration limits (SCL's)	M-Factor	Component notes
Methyl alcohol	STOT Single Exp. 1 :: >= 10 STOT Single Exp. 2 :: 3 - < 10	-	-
Sodium hydroxide	Skin Corr. 1A :: C>=5% Skin Corr. 1B :: 2%<=C<5% Eye Irrit. 2 :: 0.5%<=C<2%	_	-

Thymol blue 0.04% solution

Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

Skin Irrit. 2 :: 0.5%<=C<2%

Components	Reach Registration Number	
Ethanol	01-2119457610-43	
Acetone	01-2119471330-49	
Methanol	01-2119433307-44	
Sodium hydroxide	01-2119457892-27	

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice	If symptoms persist, call a physician.
Eye Contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.
Ingestion	Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Self-Protection of the First Aider	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.
4.2. Most important symptoms and	effects, both acute and delayed
	Difficulty in breathing. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons No information available.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Risk of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full

protective gear.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Flammables area. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Class 3 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2021 Code of Practice for the Chemical Agents Regulations, Schedule 1. Published by the Health and Safety Authority

Component	The United Kingdom	European Union	Ireland

Thymol blue 0.04% solution

Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

Ethyl alcohol	TWA: 1000 ppm TWA; 1920		STEL: 1000 ppm 15 min
	mg/m³ TWA		
	WEL - STEL: 3000 ppm		
	STEL; 5760 mg/m ³ STEL		
Acetone	TWA: 500 ppm	TWA: 500 ppm (8h)	TWA: 500 ppm 8 hr.
	TWA: 1210 mg/m ³	TWA: 1210 mg/m ³ (8h)	TWA: 1210 mg/m ³ 8 hr.
	STEL: 1500 ppm		STEL: 1500 ppm 15 min
	STEL: 3620 mg/m ³		STEL: 3630 mg/m ³ 15 min
Methyl alcohol	WEL - TWA: 200 ppm TWA;	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hr	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hr.
	266 mg/m ³ TWA	TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 8 hr	TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 8 hr.
	WEL - STEL: 250 ppm	Skin	STEL: 600 ppm 15 min
	STEL; 333 mg/m ³ STEL		STEL: 780 mg/m ³ 15 min
			Skin
Sodium hydroxide	2 mg/m ³ STEL		STEL: 2 mg/m ³ 15 min

Biological limit values List source(s):

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL) See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
Ethyl alcohol				DNEL = 343mg/kg
64-17-5 (17.2)				bw/day
Acetone				DNEL = 186mg/kg
67-64-1 (1.65)				bw/day
Methyl alcohol		DNEL = 20mg/kg		DNEL = 20mg/kg
67-56-1 (0.9)		bw/day		bw/day

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Ethyl alcohol 64-17-5 (17.2)	DNEL = 1900mg/m ³			DNEL = 950mg/m ³
Acetone 67-64-1 (1.65)	DNEL = 2420mg/m ³			DNEL = 1210mg/m ³
Methyl alcohol 67-56-1 (0.9)	DNEL = 130mg/m ³	DNEL = 130mg/m ³	DNEL = 130mg/m ³	DNEL = 130mg/m ³
Sodium hydroxide 1310-73-2 (0.03)			DNEL = 1mg/m ³	

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) See values below.

Component	:	Fresh water			Microorganisms in	Soil (Agriculture)
			sediment		sewage treatment	
Acetone		PNEC = 10.6mg/L	PNEC = 30.4mg/kg	PNEC = 21mg/L	PNEC = 100mg/L	PNEC = 29.5mg/kg
67-64-1 (1.65	5)		sediment dw	-	-	soil dw
Methyl alcoho	bl	PNEC = 20.8mg/L	PNEC = 77mg/kg	PNEC = 1540mg/L	PNEC = 100mg/L	PNEC = 100mg/kg
67-56-1 (0.9)		sediment dw		-	soil dw

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water intermittent	Food chain	Air
Acetone	PNEC = 1.06mg/L	PNEC = 3.04mg/kg			
67-64-1 (1.65)	-	sediment dw			
Methyl alcohol	PNEC = 2.08mg/L	PNEC = 7.7mg/kg			
67-56-1 (0.9)		sediment dw			

8.2. Exposure controls

Thymol blue 0.04% solution

Engineering Measures

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Viton (R)	See manufacturers	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
	recommendations			

Skin and body protection Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection	No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions.
Large scale/emergency use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced
Small scale/Laboratory use	Maintain adequate ventilation
Environmental exposure controls	Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Liquid	
Appearance Odor Odor Threshold Melting Point/Range	No information available No information available No data available No data available	
Softening Point	No data available	
Boiling Point/Range Flammability (liquid) Flammability (solid,gas) Explosion Limits	No information available Flammable Not applicable No data available	On basis of test data Liquid
Flash Point	32 °C / 89.6 °F	Method - No information available
Autoignition Temperature	No data available	
Decomposition Temperature	No data available	
pH Viscosity	No information available No data available	
Water Solubility	No information available	
Solubility in other solvents	No information available	
Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/wa	ter)	
Component	log Pow	
Ethyl alcohol	-0.32	
Acetone	-0.24	

Methyl alcohol	-0.74	
Thymol blue	7.21	
Vapor Pressure	No data available	
Density / Specific Gravity	No data available	
Bulk Density	Not applicable	Liquid
Vapor Density	No data available	(Air = 1.0)
Particle characteristics	Not applicable (liquid)	
9.2. Other information		

Explosive Properties

Thymol blue 0.04% solution

explosive air/vapour mixtures possible

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity	None known, based on information available
10.2. Chemical stability	Stable under normal conditions.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous react	ions
Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous Reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur. None under normal processing.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.
10.5. Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information	No acute toxicity information is available for this product
(a) acute toxicity;	

```
Oral<br/>Dermal<br/>InhalationBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met<br/>Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met<br/>Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
```

Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Ethyl alcohol	LD50 = 7060 mg/kg (Rat)	-	20000 ppm/10H(Rat)
Acetone	5800 mg/kg (Rat)	> 15800 mg/kg (rabbit) > 7400 mg/kg (rat)	76 mg/l, 4 h, (rat)
Methyl alcohol	LD50 = 1187 – 2769 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 17100 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 = 128.2 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Sodium hydroxide	LD50 = 325 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 1350 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
Water	-	-	-

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; No data available

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory	No data available
Skin	No data available

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Acetone	Guinea Pig Maximisation Test	guinea pig	non-sensitising
67-64-1 (1.65)	(GPMT)		_
Methyl alcohol	OECD Test Guideline 406	guinea pig	non-sensitising
67-56-1 (0.9)	Guinea Pig Maximisation Test		-
	(GPMT)		

(e) germ cell mutagenicity;

No data available

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Acetone 67-64-1(1.65)	OECD Test Guideline 471 AMES test	in vivo	negative
	OECD Test Guideline 476 Mammalian Gene cell mutation	in vitro	negative

(f) carcinogenicity;

No data available

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

Component	Test method	Test species / Duration	Study result
Methyl alcohol	OECD Test Guideline 416	Rat / Inhalation	NOAEC =
67-56-1 (0.9)		2 Generation	1.3 mg/l (air)

- (h) STOT-single exposure; No data available
 - Results / Target organs Central nervous system (CNS).
- (i) STOT-repeated exposure; No data available
- Target OrgansNo information available.
- (j) aspiration hazard; No data available

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. delayed

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity Ecotoxicity effects

Contains a substance which is:. Toxic to aquatic organisms. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae

Thymol blue 0.04% solution

Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

Ethyl alcohol	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) LC50 = 14200 mg/l/96h	EC50 = 9268 mg/L/48h EC50 = 10800 mg/L/24h	EC50 (72h) = 275 mg/l (Chlorella vulgaris)
Acetone	Oncorhynchus mykiss: LC50 = 5540 mg/l 96h Alburnus alburnus: LC50 = 11000 mg/l 96h Leuciscus idus: LC50 = 11300 mg/L/48h Salmo gairdneri: LC50 = 6100 mg/L/24h	EC50 = 8800 mg/L/48h EC50 = 12700 mg/L/48h EC50 = 12600 mg/L/48h	NOEC = 430 mg/l (algae; 96 h)
Methyl alcohol	Pimephales promelas: LC50 > 10000 mg/L 96h	EC50 > 10000 mg/L 24h	
Sodium hydroxide	LC50: = 45.4 mg/L, 96h static (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	-	-

Component	Microtox	M-Factor
Ethyl alcohol	Photobacterium phosphoreum:EC50 = 34634	
	mg/L/30 min	
	Photobacterium phosphoreum:EC50 = 35470	
	mg/L/5 min	
Acetone	EC50 = 14500 mg/L/15 min	
Methyl alcohol	EC50 = 39000 mg/L 25 min	
	EC50 = 40000 mg/L 15 min	
	EC50 = 43000 mg/L 5 min	
Sodium hydroxide	-	

12.2. Persistence and degradability No information available

Com	ponent	Degradability
Ac	etone	91 % (28 d) (OECD 301 B)
67-64	-1(1.65)	
Methyl alcohol		DT50 ~ 17.2d
67-56-1 (0.9)		>94% after 20d
Degradation in sewage	Contains substances known to b	e hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste
treatment plant	water treatment plants.	

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No information available

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Ethyl alcohol	-0.32	No data available
Acetone	-0.24	0.69 dimensionless
Methyl alcohol	-0.74	<10 dimensionless
Thymol blue	7.21	No data available

12.4. Mobility in soil

No information available .

<u>12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB</u> No data available for assessment.

assessment

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

<u>12.7. Other adverse effects</u> Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Thymol blue 0.04% solution

Waste from Residues/Unused Products	Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.
European Waste Catalogue (EWC)	According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.
Other Information	Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

<u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> <u>14.4. Packing group</u>	UN1170 Ethanol (Ethyl alcohol) (Mixture) 3 III
ADR	
<u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> <u>14.4. Packing group</u>	UN1170 Ethanol (Ethyl alcohol) (Mixture) 3 III
IATA	
<u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> <u>14.4. Packing group</u>	UN1170 Ethanol solution (Mixture) 3 III
14.5. Environmental hazards	No hazards identified
14.6. Special precautions for user	No special precautions required.
14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	Not applicable, packaged goods

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	200-578-6	-	-	Х	Х	KE-13217	Х	Х
Acetone	67-64-1	200-662-2	-	-	Х	Х	KE-29367	Х	Х
Methyl alcohol	67-56-1	200-659-6	-	-	Х	Х	KE-23193	Х	Х

Thymol blue 0.04% solution

Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	215-185-5	-	-	Х	Х	KE-31487	Х	Х
Thymol blue	76-61-9	200-973-3	-	-	Х	Х	-	-	-
Water	7732-18-5	231-791-2	-	-	Х	Х	KE-35400	Х	-

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х
Acetone	67-64-1	X	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х
Methyl alcohol	67-56-1	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х
Thymol blue	76-61-9	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х
Water	7732-18-5	X	ACTIVE	X	-	Х	Х	X

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	-	-	-
Acetone	67-64-1	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-
Methyl alcohol	67-56-1	-	Use restricted. See item 69. (see link for restriction details) Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-
Thymol blue	76-61-9	-	-	-
Water	7732-18-5		-	-

REACH links

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	Not applicable	Not applicable
Acetone	67-64-1	Not applicable	Not applicable
Methyl alcohol	67-56-1	500 tonne	5000 tonne
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	Not applicable	Not applicable
Thymol blue	76-61-9	Not applicable	Not applicable
Water	7732-18-5	Not applicable	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Thymol blue 0.04% solution

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification

Water endangering class = 1 (self classification)

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Ethyl alcohol	WGK1	
Acetone	WGK1	
Methyl alcohol	WGK 2	Class I : 20 mg/m ³ (Massenkonzentration)
Sodium hydroxide	WGK1	

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
Ethyl alcohol	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84
Acetone	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84
Methyl alcohol	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
Ethyl alcohol 64-17-5 (17.2)		Group I	
Acetone 67-64-1 (1.65)		Group I	
Methyl alcohol 67-56-1 (0.9)	Prohibited and Restricted Substances	Group I	
Sodium hydroxide 1310-73-2 (0.03)	Prohibited and Restricted Substances		
Thymol blue 76-61-9(0.04)	Prohibited and Restricted Substances		

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor
- H301 Toxic if swallowed
- H311 Toxic in contact with skin
- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
- H318 Causes serious eye damage
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation
- H331 Toxic if inhaled
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness
- H370 Causes damage to organs

Legend

Thymol blue 0.04% solution

Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service	TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b)
EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemica	
Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances	Substances List ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances
IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances	AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances	NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit	TWA - Time Weighted Average
ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists	IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer
DNEL - Derived No Effect Level	Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)
RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment	LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%
LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration	EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water
PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic	vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road	ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association
IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code	MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships
OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development	ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF - Bioconcentration factor	VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)
Key literature references and sources for data	
https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals	
Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, F	RTECS
Classification and procedure used to derive the classificatio	n for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:Physical hazardsOn basis of test dataHealth HazardsCalculation methodEnvironmental hazardsCalculation method

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Chemical incident response training.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts.

Creation Date	18-Jun-2010
Revision Date	09-Feb-2024
Revision Summary	Not applicable.

This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet