

according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended

Creation Date 11-Jun-2009

Revision Date 06-Dec-2024

Revision Number 13

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THECOMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: Cat No. :	<u>Tetrahydrofuran</u> T/0706/17, T/0706/21, T/0706/25SS, T/0706/27SS, T/0706/PB17, T/0706/PB15, T/0706/PB08, T/0706/PB17X, T/0706/21RSS, T/0706/10RSS, T/0706/25RSS, T/0706/30RSS, T/0706/27RSS
Synonyms	THF
Index No	603-025-00-0
CAS No	109-99-9
EC No	203-726-8
Molecular Formula	C4 H8 O
REACH registration number	01-2119444314-46-0079

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use	Laboratory chemicals. See Annex for full list.
Sector of use	SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
Product category	PC21 - Laboratory chemicals
Process categories	PROC15 - Use as a laboratory reagent
Environmental release category	ERC8a - Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems
Uses advised against	SU21 - Consumer uses: Private households (= general public = consumers)
-	REACH Annex XVII Restriction - refer to SECTION 15

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

UK entity/business name

Fisher Scientific UK Bishop Meadow Road, Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

EU entity/business name

Thermo Fisher Scientific Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a 2440 Geel, Belgium

E-mail address

begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Tel: 01509 231166 Chemtrec US: (800) 424-9300 Chemtrec EU: 001-703-527-3887

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Tetrahydrofuran

GHS Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids

Health hazards

Acute oral toxicity Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Carcinogenicity Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor
- H302 Harmful if swallowed
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness
- H351 Suspected of causing cancer
- EUH019 May form explosive peroxides

Precautionary Statements

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

- P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
- P301 + P330 + P331 IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting
- P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower
- P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
- P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell

2.3. Other hazards

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

Category 2 (H225)

Category 4 (H302) Category 2 (H319) Category 2 (H351) Category 3 (H335) (H336)

Tetrahydrofuran

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	GHS Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	203-726-8	>95	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) STOT SE 3 (H335) STOT SE 3 (H336) Carc. 2 (H351) (EUH019)

Component	Specific concentration limits (SCL's)	M-Factor	Component notes
Tetrahydrofuran	Acute Tox. 4 :: C>82.5% Eye Irrit. 2 :: C>=25% STOT SE 3 :: C>=25%	-	-

REACH registration number	
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01-2119444314-46-0079

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice	If symptoms persist, call a physician.
Eye Contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.
Ingestion	Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Self-Protection of the First Aider	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.
4.2. Most important symptoms and	effects, both acute and delayed
	Difficulty in breathing. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Causes central nervous system depression
4.3. Indication of any immediate me	edical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to Physician	Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. May form explosive peroxides.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), peroxides.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. If peroxide formation is suspected, do not open or move container. Not suitable for concentration or distillation. Check peroxide level periodically and if >250 ppm 'DO NOT USE'.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store under an inert atmosphere. Shelf life 12 months (Unopened) or Shelf life: 3 months after opening. Containers should be

Tetrahydrofuran

dated when opened. May form explosive peroxides on prolonged storage. Should crystals form in a peroxidizable liquid, peroxidation may have occurred and the product should be considered extremely dangerous. In this instance, the container should only be opened remotely by professionals. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Flammables area.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Class 3 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2021 Code of Practice for the Chemical Agents Regulations, Schedule 1. Published by the Health and Safety Authority

Component	The United Kingdom	European Union	Ireland
Tetrahydrofuran	STEL: 100 ppm 15 min	TWA: 50 ppm (8h)	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr.
	STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15 min	TWA: 150 mg/m ³ (8h)	TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 8 hr.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr	STEL: 100 ppm (15min)	STEL: 100 ppm 15 min
	TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 8 hr	STEL: 300 mg/m ³ (15min)	STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15 min
	Skin	Skin	Skin

Biological limit values

List source(s):

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9 (>95)				DNEL = 12.6mg/kg bw/day

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9 (>95)	DNEL = 300mg/m ³	DNEL = 96mg/m ³	DNEL = 150mg/m ³	DNEL = 72.4mg/m ³

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in	Soil (Agriculture)
		sediment		sewage treatment	-
Tetrahydrofuran	PNEC = 4.32mg/L	PNEC = 23.3mg/kg	PNEC = 21.6mg/L	PNEC = 4.6mg/L	PNEC = 2.13mg/kg
109-99-9 (>95)		sediment dw		_	soil dw

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water intermittent	Food chain	Air
Tetrahydrofuran	PNEC = 0.432mg/L	PNEC = 2.33mg/kg		PNEC = 67mg/kg	
109-99-9 (>95)		sediment dw		food	

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection	Goggles (European standard - EN 166)				
Hand Protection	Protectiv	ve gloves			
Glove material Butyl rubber	Breakthrough time < 25 minutes	Glove thickness 0.6 mm	EU standard Level 1 EN 374	Glove comments Permeation rate 106 μg/cm2/min As tested under EN374-3 Determination of Resistance to Permeation by Chemicals	
Neoprene gloves	< 15 minutes	0.45 mm		,	
Skin and body prot	tection Long sle	eved clothing.			

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection	When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly
Large scale/emergency use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387
Small scale/Laboratory use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141 When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Liquid
Appearance	Colorless
Odor	Petroleum distillates
Odor Threshold	No data available
Melting Point/Range	-108.4 °C / -163.1 °F
Softening Point	No data available
Boiling Point/Range	66 °C / 150.8 °F

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Flammability (liquid)	Highly flammable	On basis of test data
Flammability (solid,gas)	Not applicable	Liquid
Explosion Limits	Lower 1.5 vol%	
	Upper 12 vol%	
Flash Point	-21 °C / -5.8 °F	Method - No information available
Autoignition Temperature	215 °C / 419 °F	
Decomposition Temperature	No data available	
рН	7-8	20% aq. solution
Viscosity	0.456 mPas @ 20°C Dynamic	
Water Solubility	Miscible	
Solubility in other solvents	No information available	
Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/wat	er)	
Component	log Pow	
Tetrahydrofuran	0.45	
Vapor Pressure	170 mbar @ 20 °C	
Density / Specific Gravity	0.880	
Bulk Density	Not applicable	Liquid
Vapor Density	2.5 (Ether = 1.0)	(Air = 1.0)
Particle characteristics	Not applicable (liquid)	
0.2. Other information		
9.2. Other information		
Molecular Formula	C4 H8 O	
Molecular Weight	72.11	
Explosive Properties	Vapors may form explosive mixtures	with air
Evaporation Rate	> 1 (Ether = 1.0) - (Butyl Acetate = 1.	
		,

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity	Yes. May form explosive peroxides
10.2. Chemical stability	Stable under recommended storage conditions. Reacts with air to form peroxides. May form explosive peroxides on prolonged storage. Hygroscopic.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous react	ions
Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous Reactions	Hazardous polymerization may occur. None under normal processing.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Exposure to moist air or water.
10.5. Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents. Acids.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). peroxides.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

Tetrahydrofuran

(a) acute toxicity; Oral

Dermal

Inhalation

Category 4 Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Tetrahydrofuran	1650 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	180 mg/L (Rat)1 h
			53.9 mg/L (Rat)4 h

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 2

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory Skin Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Tetrahydrofuran	Local Lymph Node Assay	mouse	non-sensitising
109-99-9 (>95)	OECD Test Guideline 429		

(e) germ cell mutagenicity;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Tetrahydrofuran	OECD Test Guideline 476	in vivo	negative
109-99-9 (>95)	Gene cell mutation	Mammalian	-
	OECD Test Guideline 473		
	Chromosomal aberration assay	in vitro	negative
		Mammalian	

(f) carcinogenicity;

Category 2

Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect

Component	EU	UK	Germany	IARC
Tetrahydrofuran				Group 2B

(g) reproductive toxicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	Test method	Test species / Duration	Study result
Tetrahydrofuran	OECD Test Guideline 416	Rat	NOAEL = 3,000 ppm
109-99-9 (>95)		2 Generation	

(h) STOT-single exposure;	Category 3	
Results / Target organs	Respiratory system, Central nervous system (CNS).	
(i) STOT-repeated exposure;	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Target Organs	None known.	
(j) aspiration hazard;	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed	Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Causes central nervous system depression.	

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Tetrahydrofuran

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties

Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity Ecotoxicity effects

Do not empty into drains. .

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Tetrahydrofuran	2160 mg/l LC50 = 96 h Pimephales promelas Leuciscus idus: LC50: 2820 mg/L/48h	EC50 48 h 3485 mg/l EC50: >10000 mg/L/24h	

12.2. Persistence and degradability Persistence Degradation in sewage treatment plant	Product is biodegradable Persistence is unlikely, based on information available. Contains no substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants.		
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumulation is unlikely		
Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	
Tetrahydrofuran	0.45	No data available	
<u>12.4. Mobility in soil</u>	The product contains volatile organic compounds (surfaces Will likely be mobile in the environment du air		
<u>12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB</u> assessment	Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).		
<u>12.6. Endocrine disrupting</u> properties Endocrine Disruptor Information			
Component	EU - Endocrine Disrupters Candidate List	EU - Endocrine Disruptors - Evaluated Substances	
Tetrahydrofuran	Group III Chemical		

<u>12.7. Other adverse effects</u> Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused Products	Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers

	retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.
European Waste Catalogue (EWC)	According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.
Other Information	Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

Tetrahydrofuran

<u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> <u>14.4. Packing group</u>	UN2056 TETRAHYDROFURAN 3 II
ADR	
<u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> <u>14.4. Packing group</u>	UN2056 TETRAHYDROFURAN 3 II
IATA	
<u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> <u>14.4. Packing group</u>	UN2056 TETRAHYDROFURAN 3 II
14.5. Environmental hazards	No hazards identified
14.6. Special precautions for user	No special precautions required.
14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	Not applicable, packaged goods

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture_

International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	203-726-8	-	-	Х	Х	KE-33454	Х	Х
Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA In notific Active-l		DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS

Tetrahydrofuran

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Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization		REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	-	Use restricted. See entry 75. (see link for restriction details)	-

REACH links

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	
		Notification	Requirements
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	Not applicable	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification

See table for values

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Tetrahydrofuran	WGK1	

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
Tetrahydrofuran	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84

814.81)		Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
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Tetrahydrofuran

Tetrahydrofuran	Group I	
109-99-9 (>95)		

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has been conducted by the manufacturer/importer

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor
- H302 Harmful if swallowed
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness
- H351 Suspected of causing cancer
- EUH019 May form explosive peroxides

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances	 TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists DNEL - Derived No Effect Level RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic	 TWA - Time Weighted Average IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) LD50 - Lethal Dose 50% EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development BCF - Bioconcentration factor Key literature references and sources for data https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, F	ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts. Chemical incident response training.

Creation Date	11-Jun-2009
Revision Date	06-Dec-2024
Revision Summary	SDS sections updated, 7, 10.

This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended.

Disclaimer

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The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet

Annex to the Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 [REACH]

Tetrahydrofuran - Exposure Scenarios

CAS No	REACH registration number	EC No
109-99-9	01-2119444314-46-xxxx	203-726-8

Exposure Scenarios Overview				
Title	Sector of use	Process category(ies)	Environmental release category	ES Identifier
Manufacture or use as an intermediate or process chemical or extraction agent	SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites	1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 8b, 15	ERC1 - Manufacture of substances	ES1-M1 THF
Formulation of preparations and/or re-packaging	SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8a, 8b, 9, 14, 15	ERC2 - Formulation of preparations	ES2-F1 THF
Laboratory use	SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites	9, 10, 15	ERC4 - Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles	ES3-L1 THF
Laboratory use	SU22 - Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)	-, -, -	ERC8a - Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems	ES4-L2 THF

Exposure scenario

ES1 Manufacture of THF - ES1-M1 THF

	Section 1 - Identification of the use
Main user group	Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
Type Processes, tasks, activities covered	Worker Manufacture or use as an intermediate or process chemical or extraction agent. Loading (including marine vessel/barge, rail/road car and IBC loading) and repacking (including drums and small packs) of substance, including its sampling, storage, unloading distribution and associated laboratory activities
Sector(s) of use	SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites SU22 - Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)
Process category(ies)	PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent

Environmental release category(ies) ERC1 - Manufacture of substances

As a result of the hazard assessment carried out in accordance to Article 14.3 of REACH, the registrant concludes that the substance does not meet the criteria for classification as hazardous to the environment, therefore exposure assessments and risk characterisation for environmental endpoints were not developed. PNECs have been developed for completeness in the registration dossier.

Further information

Under certain circumstances, stabilisers in THF (e.g. Butylated hydroxytoluene) which prevent peroxide formation can be depleted and a risk of explosion may be present to industrial or professional workers. Activities which involve processing, concentration or distillation steps may significantly reduce the amount of stabiliser in THF. In order to control the risk of explosion from elevated peroxide levels which may occur when performing the activities, risk Management Measures will need to be implemented by the Downstream Users of such activities:

Use the minimum amount of product required to complete activity

Do not store distilled THF for long periods

Store in a cool, dark, well ventilated place

Perform periodic testing to determine peroxide levels in stored THF and document

Test peroxide levels in THF always before carrying out distillation or concentration steps Applicable peroxide methods would be: 1) Peroxide test strips: e.g. EMQuant® Peroxide test strips (0-100ppm range)

2) ASTM E 299-08 Standard Test Method for Trace Amounts of Peroxide in Organic Solvents.

If peroxide level is above 25ppm, not recommended for distillation activities.

If peroxide level is above 100 ppm DO NOT use, consult Health and Safety Manager and contact manufacturer/supplier to discuss disposal. If the Risk Management Measures above are applied then the risk of explosion due to elevated peroxide levels is negligible. Downstream Users should satisfy themselves that they are implementing the Risk Management Measures and take the necessary actions to ensure risk is controlled.

Section 2 - Operational Conditions and Risk Management Measures

Product characteristicsPhysical StateLiquidpH7-8Water SolubilityMiscibleVapor Pressure23 hPa @ 20 °CCovers concentrations up to 100 %

Section 2.1 - Control of environmental exposure

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC1 - Manufacture of substances

As a result of the hazard assessment carried out in accordance to Article 14.3 of REACH, the registrant concludes that the substance does not meet the criteria for classification as hazardous to the environment, therefore exposure assessments and risk characterisation for environmental endpoints were not developed. PNECs have been developed for completeness in the registration dossier.

Control of environmental exposure

Inherently biodegradable Annual amount used in the EU 140000 t/a

Section 2.2 - Control of worker exposure

General information on risk management related to physicochemical hazard

Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static charges. Use only non-sparking tools. Control entry to work area. Suitable fire detection system. Keep equipment under negative pressure. Check atmosphere for explosiveness and oxygen deficiencies. Segregate work area and mark with appropriate signs in accordance with local/regional/national legislation.

Control of worker exposure

PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure
100%
Avoid carrying out operation for more than 8h
Indoor use

Assumes process temperature up to Minimum room ventilation rate for handling/application (air changes per	<=40°C 1-3
hour) Covers skin contact area up to Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	240 cm2 Use of closed production equipment, with no extraction, except when opening vessels for additions/sampling
	Undertake operation under enclosed conditions
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes
Process category(ies) Covers concentrations up to Exposure duration	PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure 100% Avoid carrying out operation for more than 8h
Indoor/Outdoor use Assumes process temperature up to	Outdoor <=40°C
Covers skin contact area up to Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	480 cm2 Ensure samples are obtained under containment or extract ventilation
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10) Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes
Process category(ies) Covers concentrations up to Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use Assumes process temperature up to Minimum room ventilation rate for handling/application (air changes per hour)	PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) 100% < 1 hour(s) Indoor <=40°C 1-3
Covers skin contact area up to Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	240 cm2 Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%
	Ensure samples are obtained under containment or extract ventilation
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes
Process category(ies) Covers concentrations up to Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use Assumes process temperature up to Minimum room ventilation rate for handling/application (air changes per hour)	PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises 100% Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour Indoor <=40°C 1-3
Covers skin contact area up to Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	480 cm2 Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%
	Ensure samples are obtained under containment or extract ventilation

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10)	
Process category(ies)	PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities	
Covers concentrations up to	100%	
Exposure duration	< 1 hour(s)	
Indoor/Outdoor use	Outdoor	
Assumes process temperature up to	<=40°C	
Covers skin contact area up to Organisational measures to prevent	960 cm2 Avoid carrying out operation for more than 1 hour	
/limit releases, dispersion and	Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors	
exposure		
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 95% (APF 20)	
Process category(ies)	PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities	
Covers concentrations up to	100%	
Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use	Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour Indoor	
Assumes process temperature up to	<=40°C	
Minimum room ventilation rate for	1-3	
handling/application (air changes per		
hour)	0000	
Covers skin contact area up to Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and	960 cm2 Fill containers/cans at dedicated fill points supplied with local extract ventilation Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 95%	
exposure Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes	
Process category(ies)	PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent	
Covers concentrations up to	100%	
Exposure duration	Avoid carrying out operation for more than 8h	
Indoor/Outdoor use	Indoor use	
Assumes process temperature up to		
Minimum room ventilation rate for handling/application (air changes per	1-3	
hour)		
Covers skin contact area up to	240 cm2	
Organisational measures to prevent	Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation Avoid direct skin contact with	
/limit releases, dispersion and	product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur.	
exposure	Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent /	
	minimize exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop	
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90%	
Control of consumer exposure	Not intended for consumer use	

Section 3 - Exposure estimation

Environmental release category(ies)

ES1 Manufacture of THF

ERC1 - Manufacture of substances

As a result of the hazard assessment carried out in accordance to Article 14.3 of REACH, the registrant concludes that the substance does not meet the criteria for classification as hazardous to the environment, therefore exposure assessments and risk characterisation for environmental endpoints were not developed. PNECs have been developed for completeness in the registration dossier.

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) - See values below

Fresh water	4.32 mg/l	Marine water	0.432 mg/l
Fresh water sediment	23.3 mg/kg	Marine water sediment	2.3 mg/kg
Water Intermittent	21.6 mg/l	Soil (Agriculture)	2.1 mg/kg
Microorganisms in sewage	4.6 mg/l		
treatment			

Health

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) - See table for values

Route of exposure	Acute effects (local)	Acute effects	Chronic effects	Chronic effects
		(systemic)	(local)	(systemic)
Oral				
Dermal				12.6 mg/kg bw/day
Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	96 mg/m ³	150 mg/m ³	72.4 mg/m ³

Process category(ies)	Exposure route	Predicted exposure level	Risk characterization ratio (RCR)
PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	0.03 mg/m ³	<0.01
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	0.12 mg/m ³	<0.01
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	0.03 mg/m ³	<0.01
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - local	0.12 mg/m ³	<0.01
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic	0.034 mg/kg bw/day	<0.01
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic		<0.01
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic		<0.01
PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	5.258 mg/m ³	0.073
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	21.03 mg/m ³	0.219
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	5.258 mg/m ³	0.035
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - local	21.03 mg/m ³	0.07
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic	1.37 mg/kg bw/day	0.109
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic		0.181
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic		0.219
PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	3.004 mg/m ³	0.042
() ,	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	60.09 mg/m ³	0.626
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	3.004 mg/m ³	0.02
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - local	60.09 mg/m ³	0.2
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic	0.138 mg/kg bw/day	0.011
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic		0.052
	Worker - combined, short-term -		0.626

	systemic		
PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	0.601 mg/m ³	<0.01
anses	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	12.02 mg/m ³	0.125
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	0.601 mg/m ³	<0.01
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - local	12.02 mg/m ³	0.04
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic	1.372 mg/kg bw/day	0.109
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic		0.117
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic		0.125
PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	5.258 mg/m ³	0.073
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	94 mg/m ³ (Stoffenmanager 5.0)	0.979
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	5.258 mg/m ³	0.035
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - local	105.2 mg/m ³	0.351
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic	2.742 mg/kg bw/day	0.218
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic		0.29
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic		0.979
PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	4.507 mg/m ³	0.062
radinited	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	90.13 mg/m ³	0.939
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	4.507 mg/m ³	0.03
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - local	90.13 mg/m ³	0.3
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic	2.742 mg/kg bw/day	0.218
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic		0.28
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic		0.939
PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	15.02 mg/m ³	0.208
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	60.09 mg/m ³	0.626
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	15.02 mg/m ³	0.1
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - local	60.09 mg/m ³	0.2
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic	0.34 mg/kg bw/day	0.027
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic		0.235
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic		0.626

Calculation method

Used ECETOC TRA model, Used Stoffenmanager model

Remarks

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions

Section 4 - Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Used ECETOC TRA model

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet

(http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html)

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the applicable exposure limits (given in section 8 of the SDS) when the

operational conditions/risk management measures given in section 2 are implemented

ECHA guidance for downstream users

Annex to the Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 [REACH]

Tetrahydrofuran - Exposure Scenarios

CAS No	REACH registration number	EC No
109-99-9	01-2119444314-46-xxxx	203-726-8

Exposure scenario

ES2 Formulating/re-packing - ES2-F1 THF

	Section 1 - Identification of the use
Main user group	Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
Type Processes, tasks, activities covered	Worker Formulation, packing and re-packing of the substance and its mixtures in batch or continuous operations, including storage, materials transfers, mixing, tabletting, compression, pelletisation, extrusion, large and small scale packing, sampling, maintenance and associated laboratory activities.
Sector(s) of use	SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
Process category(ies)	 PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact) PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9 - Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC14 - Production of preparations or articles by tableting, compression, extrusion, pelettization PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent
Environmental release category(ies)	ERC2 - Formulation of preparations (mixtures) As a result of the hazard assessment carried out in accordance to Article 14.3 of REACH, the registrant concludes that the substance does not meet the criteria for classification as hazardous to the environment, therefore exposure assessments and risk characterisation for environmental endpoints were not developed. PNECs have been developed for completeness in the registration dossier.

Further information

Under certain circumstances, stabilisers in THF (e.g. Butylated hydroxytoluene) which prevent peroxide formation can be depleted and a risk of explosion may be present to industrial or professional workers. Activities which involve processing, concentration or distillation steps may significantly reduce the amount of stabiliser in THF. In order to control the risk of explosion from elevated peroxide levels which may occur when performing the activities, risk Management Measures will need to be implemented by the Downstream Users of such activities:

Use the minimum amount of product required to complete activity

Do not store distilled THF for long periods

Store in a cool, dark, well ventilated place

Perform periodic testing to determine peroxide levels in stored THF and document

Test peroxide levels in THF always before carrying out distillation or concentration steps Applicable peroxide methods would be: 1) Peroxide test strips: e.g. EMQuant® Peroxide test strips (0-100ppm range)

2) ASTM E 299-08 Standard Test Method for Trace Amounts of Peroxide in Organic Solvents.

If peroxide level is above 25ppm, not recommended for distillation activities.

If peroxide level is above 100 ppm DO NOT use, consult Health and Safety Manager and contact manufacturer/supplier to discuss disposal. If the Risk Management Measures above are applied then the risk of explosion due to elevated peroxide levels is negligible. Downstream Users should satisfy themselves that they are implementing the Risk Management Measures and take the necessary actions to ensure risk is controlled.

Section 2 - Operational Conditions and Risk Management Measures

Product characteristicsPhysical StateLiquidpH7-8Water SolubilityMiscibleVapor Pressure23 hPa @ 20 °CCovers concentrations up to 100 %

Section 2.1 - Control of environmental exposure

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC2 - Formulation of preparations (mixtures)

As a result of the hazard assessment carried out in accordance to Article 14.3 of REACH, the registrant concludes that the substance does not meet the criteria for classification as hazardous to the environment, therefore exposure assessments and risk characterisation for environmental endpoints were not developed. PNECs have been developed for completeness in the registration dossier.

Control of environmental exposure

Inherently biodegradable Annual amount used in the EU 28500 t/a

Section 2.2 - Control of worker exposure

General information on risk management related to physicochemical hazard

Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static charges. Use only non-sparking tools. Control entry to work area. Suitable fire detection system. Keep equipment under negative pressure. Check atmosphere for explosiveness and oxygen deficiencies. Segregate work area and mark with appropriate signs in accordance with local/regional/national legislation.

Control of worker exposure

Process category(ies) Covers concentrations up to Exposure duration Use frequency Indoor/Outdoor use Assumes process temperature up to Minimum room ventilation rate for handling/application (air changes per hour)	PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure 100% Avoid carrying out operation for more than 8h Covers frequency up to 5 days per week Indoor use 40°C 1-3
Covers skin contact area up to	240 cm2
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Use of closed production equipment, with no extraction, except when opening vessels for additions/sampling
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Undertake operation under enclosed conditions
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes

Process category(ies) Covers concentrations up to	PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure 100%
Exposure duration	Avoid carrying out operation for more than 8h
Indoor/Outdoor use Assumes process temperature up to Minimum room ventilation rate for handling/application (air changes per hour)	Indoor 40°C 1-3
Covers skin contact area up to	480 cm2 Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%
	Ensure samples are obtained under containment or extract ventilation
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes
Process category(ies) Covers concentrations up to	PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) 100%
Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use	Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour Indoor 40°C 1-3
hour) Covers skin contact area up to	240 cm2 Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%
exposure Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards	Ensure samples are obtained under containment or extract ventilation
the worker Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes
Process category(ies) Covers concentrations up to	PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises 100%
Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use Assumes process temperature up to Minimum room ventilation rate for	Avoid carrying out operation for more than 8h Indoor 40°C 1-3
handling/application (air changes per hour) Covers skin contact area up to	480 cm2
	Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%
	Ensure samples are obtained under containment or extract ventilation
	Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10)
Process category(ies)	PROC5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact)
Covers concentrations up to	100%

Indoor/Outdoor use Assumes process temperature up to Minimum room ventilation rate for handling/application (air changes per hour)	Indoor 40°C 1-3
Covers skin contact area up to Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	480 cm2 Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10)
Process category(ies)	PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities
Covers concentrations up to Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use Assumes process temperature up to	>25% - <50% Avoid carrying out operation for more than 1 hour Outdoor 40°C
Covers skin contact area up to Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	960 cm2 Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 95% (APF 20)
Process category(ies)	PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities
Covers concentrations up to Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use Assumes process temperature up to Minimum room ventilation rate for handling/application (air changes per hour)	100% Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour Indoor 40°C 1-3
Covers skin contact area up to Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	960 cm2 Fill containers/cans at dedicated fill points supplied with local extract ventilation Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 95%
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes
Process category(ies)	PROC9 - Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)
Covers concentrations up to Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use Assumes process temperature up to Minimum room ventilation rate for handling/application (air changes per	100% Avoid carrying out operation for more than 8h Indoor <=40°C 1-3
hour) Covers skin contact area up to Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	480cm2 Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%
	Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10) Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes

Process category(ies)	PROC14 - Production of preparations or articles by tableting, compression, extrusion, pelettization
Covers concentrations up to	100%
Exposure duration	Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours
Indoor/Outdoor use	Indoor
Assumes process temperature up to	<=40°C
Minimum room ventilation rate for	1-3
handling/application (air changes per	
hour)	
Covers skin contact area up to	480cm2
Organisational measures to prevent	Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%
/limit releases, dispersion and	······································
exposure	
Conditions and measures related to	Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10) Use eye protection
personal protection, hygiene and	according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes
health evaluation	
Process category(ies)	PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent
Covers concentrations up to	100%
Exposure duration	Avoid carrying out operation for more than 8h
Indoor/Outdoor use	Indoor use
Assumes process temperature up to	40°C
Minimum room ventilation rate for	1-3
handling/application (air changes per	
hour)	
Covers skin contact area up to	240 cm2
Organisational measures to prevent	Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation Avoid direct skin contact with
/limit releases, dispersion and	product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if
exposure	hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur.
	Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent /
.	minimize exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop
Conditions and measures related to	Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear
personal protection, hygiene and	chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training
health evaluation	Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90%
Control of consumer exposure	Not intended for consumer use
Source of consumer exposure	

Section 3 - Exposure estimation

Environment

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC2 - Formulation of preparations (mixtures)

As a result of the hazard assessment carried out in accordance to Article 14.3 of REACH, the registrant concludes that the substance does not meet the criteria for classification as hazardous to the environment, therefore exposure assessments and risk characterisation for environmental endpoints were not developed. PNECs have been developed for completeness in the registration dossier.

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) - See values below

Fresh water	4.32 mg/l	Marine water	0.432 mg/l
Fresh water sediment	23.3 mg/kg	Marine water sediment	2.3 mg/kg
Water Intermittent	21.6 mg/l	Soil (Agriculture)	2.1 mg/kg
Microorganisms in sewage	4.6 mg/l		
treatment	-		

<u>Health</u>

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) - See table for values

Route of exposure	Acute effects (local)	Acute effects (systemic)	Chronic effect (local)	s Chronic effects (systemic)
Oral Dermal Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	96 mg/m ³	150 mg/m ³	12.6 mg/kg bw/day 72.4 mg/m³
	~		y	
Process category(ies)	Exposure route	Predicted	exposure level	Risk characterization ratio (RCR)
PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure	Worker - inhalative, long-te systemic		3 mg/m³	<0.01
	Worker - inhalative, short-te systemic		2 mg/m ³	<0.01
	Worker - inhalative, long-te local		3 mg/m ³	<0.01
	Worker - inhalative, short-te		2 mg/m ³	<0.01
	Worker - dermal, long-tern systemic		ng/kg bw/day	<0.01
	Worker - combined, long-te systemic			<0.01
	Worker - combined, short-te systemic	-		<0.01
PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous proces		rm - 7.5'	11 mg/m³	0.104
with occasional controlled exposure	systemic Worker - inhalative, short-te systemic	erm - 30.0	04 mg/m³	0.313
	Worker - inhalative, long-te local	rm - 7.5′	l1 mg/m³	0.05
	Worker - inhalative, short-te	erm - 30.0)4 mg/m ³	0.1
	Worker - dermal, long-teri systemic	m - 1.37 m	g/kg bw/day	0.109
	Worker - combined, long-te systemic	erm -		0.213
	Worker - combined, short-te systemic	erm -		0.313
PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)	Worker - inhalative, long-te systemic	rm - 15.0)2 mg/m³	0.208
(synthesis of formalation)	Worker - inhalative, short-te systemic	erm - 60.0	09 mg/m³	0.626
	Worker - inhalative, long-te	rm - 15.0)2 mg/m ³	0.1
	Worker - inhalative, short-te	erm - 60.0)9 mg/m³	0.2
	Worker - dermal, long-tern systemic	m - 0.69 m	g/kg bw/day	0.055
	Worker - combined, long-te systemic	erm -		0.262
	Worker - combined, short-te systemic	erm -		0.626
PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises	Worker - inhalative, long-te systemic	rm - 3.00)4 mg/m ³	0.042
	Worker - inhalative, short-te systemic	erm - 12.0	02 mg/m³	0.125
	Worker - inhalative, long-te local	rm - 3.00)4 mg/m³	0.02
	Worker - inhalative, short-te	erm - 12.0	02 mg/m³	0.04
	Worker - dermal, long-teri systemic	m - 6.86 m	g/kg bw/day	0.544
	Worker - combined, long-te systemic			0.586
	Worker - combined, short-te systemic	erm -		0.125
PROC5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations	Worker - inhalative, long-te systemic	rm - 1.50	02 mg/m³	0.021

and articles (multistage and/or significant contact)			
oondoty	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	30.04 mg/m ³	0.313
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	1.502 mg/m ³	0.01
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - local	30.04 mg/m ³	0.1
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic	2.742 mg/kg bw/day	0.218
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic		0.238
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic		0.313
PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	5.258 mg/m³	0.073
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	94 mg/m ³ (Stoffenmanager 5.0)	0.979
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	5.258 mg/m ³	0.035
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - local	105.2 mg/m ³	0.351
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic	2.742 mg/kg bw/day	0.218
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic		0.29
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic		0.979
PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	4.507 mg/m ³	0.062
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	90.13 mg/m ³	0.939
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	4.507 mg/m ³	0.03
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - local	90.13 mg/m ³	0.3
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic	2.742 mg/kg bw/day	0.218
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic		0.28
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic		0.939
PROC9 - Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	6.009 mg/m ³	0.083
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	24.04 mg/m ³	0.25
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	6.009 mg/m ³	0.04
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - local	24.0 mg/m ³	0.08
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic	6.86 mg/kg bw/day	0.544
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic		0.627
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic		0.25
PROC14 - Production of preparations or articles by tableting, compression, extrusion pelettization	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	4.507 mg/m ³	0.062
extrusion, pelettization	Worker - inhalative, short-term -	30.04 mg/m ³	0.313
	systemic Worker - inhalative, long-term -	4.507 mg/m ³	0.03
	local Worker - inhalative, short-term -	30.04 mg/m ³	0.1

	local		
	Worker - dermal, long-term -	2.058 mg/kg bw/day	0.163
	systemic		
	Worker - combined, long-term -		0.226
	systemic		0.040
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic		0.313
PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	15.02 mg/m ³	0.208
	Worker - inhalative, short-term -	60.09 mg/m ³	0.626
	systemic		
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	15.02 mg/m ³	0.1
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - local	60.09 mg/m ³	0.2
	Worker - dermal, long-term -	0.34 mg/kg bw/day	0.027
	systemic		
	Worker - combined, long-term -		0.235
	systemic		
	Worker - combined, short-term -		0.626
	systemic		

Calculation method

Used ECETOC TRA model, Used Stoffenmanager model

Remarks

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are implemented

Section 4 - Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Used ECETOC TRA model

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet

(http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html)

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the applicable exposure limits (given in section 8 of the SDS) when the operational conditions/risk management measures given in section 2 are implemented

ECHA guidance for downstream users

Annex to the Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 [REACH]

Tetrahydrofuran - Exposure Scenarios

CAS No	REACH registration number	EC No
109-99-9	01-2119444314-46-xxxx	203-726-8

Exposure scenario

ES3 Laboratory Use (Industrial) - ES3-L1 THF

Section 1 - Identification of the use		
Main user group	Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites	
Type Processes, tasks, activities covered	Worker Laboratory reagent and solvent involving transfer from larger to small containers and vice versa.	
Sector(s) of use	SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites	
Process category(ies)	PROC9 - Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC10 - Roller application or brushing PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent	
Environmental release category(ies) ERC4 - Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming paratricles As a result of the hazard assessment carried out in accordance to Article 14.3 of REAC the registrant concludes that the substance does not meet the criteria for classification hazardous to the environment, therefore exposure assessments and risk characterisat for environmental endpoints were not developed. PNECs have been developed for completeness in the registration dossier.		

Further information

Under certain circumstances, stabilisers in THF (e.g. Butylated hydroxytoluene) which prevent peroxide formation can be depleted and a risk of explosion may be present to industrial or professional workers. Activities which involve processing, concentration or distillation steps may significantly reduce the amount of stabiliser in THF. In order to control the risk of explosion from elevated peroxide levels which may occur when performing the activities, risk Management Measures will need to be implemented by the Downstream Users of such activities:

Use the minimum amount of product required to complete activity

Do not store distilled THF for long periods

Store in a cool, dark, well ventilated place

Perform periodic testing to determine peroxide levels in stored THF and document

Test peroxide levels in THF always before carrying out distillation or concentration steps Applicable peroxide methods would be:

1) Peroxide test strips: e.g. EMQuant® Peroxide test strips (0-100ppm range)

2) ASTM E 299-08 Standard Test Method for Trace Amounts of Peroxide in Organic Solvents.

If peroxide level is above 25ppm, not recommended for distillation activities.

If peroxide level is above 100 ppm DO NOT use, consult Health and Safety Manager and contact manufacturer/supplier to discuss disposal. If the Risk Management Measures above are applied then the risk of explosion due to elevated peroxide levels is negligible. Downstream Users should satisfy themselves that they are implementing the Risk Management Measures and take the necessary actions to ensure risk is controlled.

Section 2 - Operational Conditions and Risk Management Measures

Product characteristics	
Physical State	Liquid
рН	7-8
Water Solubility	Miscible
Vapor Pressure	23 hPa @ 20 °C
Covers concentrations up to 100 %	

Section 2.1 - Control of environmental exposure

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC4 - Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles As a result of the hazard assessment carried out in accordance to Article 14.3 of REACH, the registrant concludes that the substance does not meet the criteria for classification as hazardous to the environment, therefore exposure assessments and risk characterisation for environmental endpoints were not developed. PNECs have been developed for completeness in the registration dossier.

Control of environmental exposure

Inherently biodegradable Annual amount used in the EU 400 t/a

Section 2.2 - Control of worker exposure

General information on risk management related to physicochemical hazard

Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static charges. Use only non-sparking tools. Control entry to work area. Suitable fire detection system. Keep equipment under negative pressure. Check atmosphere for explosiveness and oxygen deficiencies. Segregate work area and mark with appropriate signs in accordance with local/regional/national legislation.

Control of worker exposure

Process category(ies)	PROC9 - Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)
Covers concentrations up to Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use Assumes process temperature up to Minimum room ventilation rate for handling/application (air changes per hour)	100% < 1 hour(s) Indoor <=40°C 5-10
Covers skin contact area up to Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	480cm2 Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source toward the worker	Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation s
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes
Process category(ies) Covers concentrations up to Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use Assumes process temperature up to Minimum room ventilation rate for handling/application (air changes per hour)	PROC10 - Roller application or brushing 100% < 1 hour(s) Indoor <=40°C 1-3
Covers skin contact area up to Organisational measures to prevent	480cm2 Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%

/limit releases, dispersion and exposure Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10) Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training
Process category(ies) Covers concentrations up to Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use Assumes process temperature up to Minimum room ventilation rate for handling/application (air changes per hour)	PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent 100% < 1 hour(s) Indoor use <=40°C 1-3
Covers skin contact area up to Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	240 cm2 Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training
Control of consumer exposure	Not intended for consumer use

Section 3 - Exposure estimation

Environment

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC4 - Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles As a result of the hazard assessment carried out in accordance to Article 14.3 of REACH, the registrant concludes that the substance does not meet the criteria for classification as hazardous to the environment, therefore exposure assessments and risk characterisation for environmental endpoints were not developed. PNECs have been developed for completeness in the registration dossier.

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) - See values below

Fresh water Fresh water sediment	4.32 mg/l 23.3 mg/kg	Marine water Marine water sediment	0.432 mg/l 2.3 mg/kg
Water Intermittent	21.6 mg/l	Soil (Agriculture)	2.1 mg/kg
Microorganisms in sewage treatment	4.6 mg/l		

<u>Health</u>

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) - See table for values

	Acute effects (local)	Acute ef (systen		Chronic effect (local)	s Chronic effects (systemic)
Oral Dermal Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	96 mg/	m ³	150 mg/m³	12.6 mg/kg bw/day 72.4 mg/m³
Process category(ies)	Exposure route	• F	Predicted ex	cposure level	Risk characterization ratio (RCR)
PROC9 - Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicate filling line, including weighing)	Worker - inhalative, long d systemic	g-term -	3.605	mg/m³	0.05
3 - , 3 - 3 - 3 - 3,	Worker - inhalative, sho systemic	rt-term -	72.11	mg/m³	0.751
	Worker - inhalative, long	g-term -	3.605	mg/m³	0.024

	local Worker - inhalative, short-term - local	72.11 mg/m ³	0.24
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic	0.274 mg/kg bw/day	0.022
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic		0.072
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic		0.751
PROC10 - Roller application or brushing	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	1.502 mg/m ³	0.021
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	30.04 mg/m ³	0.313
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	1.502 mg/m ³	0.01
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - local	30.04 mg/m ³	0.1
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic	5.486 mg/kg bw/day	0.435
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic		0.456
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic		0.313
PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	3.004 mg/m ³	0.042
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	60.09 mg/m ³	0.626
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	3.004 mg/m ³	0.02
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - local	60.09 mg/m ³	0.2
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic	0.068 mg/kg bw/d	<0.01
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic		0.047
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic		0.626

Calculation method

Used ECETOC TRA model

Remarks

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are implemented

Section 4 - Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Used ECETOC TRA model

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet

(http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html)

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the applicable exposure limits (given in section 8 of the SDS) when the operational conditions/risk management measures given in section 2 are implemented

ECHA guidance for downstream users

Annex to the Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 [REACH]

Tetrahydrofuran - Exposure Scenarios

CAS No	REACH registration number	EC No
109-99-9	01-2119444314-46-xxxx	203-726-8

Exposure scenario

ES4 Laboratory Use (Professional) - ES4-L2 THF

Section 1 - Identification of the use			
Main user group	Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)		
Type Processes, tasks, activities covered	Worker Laboratory reagent and solvent involving transfer from larger to small containers and vice versa.		
Sector(s) of use	SU22 - Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)		
Process category(ies)	PROC9 - Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC10 - Roller application or brushing PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent		
Environmental release category(ies) ERC8a - Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems As a result of the hazard assessment carried out in accordance to Article 14.3 of REACH, the registrant concludes that the substance does not meet the criteria for classification as hazardous to the environment, therefore exposure assessments and risk characterisation for environmental endpoints were not developed. PNECs have been developed for completeness in the registration dossier.			

Further information

Under certain circumstances, stabilisers in THF (e.g. Butylated hydroxytoluene) which prevent peroxide formation can be depleted and a risk of explosion may be present to industrial or professional workers. Activities which involve processing, concentration or distillation steps may significantly reduce the amount of stabiliser in THF. In order to control the risk of explosion from elevated peroxide levels which may occur when performing the activities, risk Management Measures will need to be implemented by the Downstream Users of such activities:

Use the minimum amount of product required to complete activity

Do not store distilled THF for long periods

Store in a cool, dark, well ventilated place

Perform periodic testing to determine peroxide levels in stored THF and document

Test peroxide levels in THF always before carrying out distillation or concentration steps Applicable peroxide methods would be: 1) Peroxide test strips: e.g. EMQuant® Peroxide test strips (0-100ppm range)

2) ASTM E 299-08 Standard Test Method for Trace Amounts of Peroxide in Organic Solvents.

If peroxide level is above 25ppm, not recommended for distillation activities.

If peroxide level is above 100 ppm DO NOT use, consult Health and Safety Manager and contact manufacturer/supplier to discuss disposal. If the Risk Management Measures above are applied then the risk of explosion due to elevated peroxide levels is negligible. Downstream Users should satisfy themselves that they are implementing the Risk Management Measures and take the necessary actions to ensure risk is controlled.

Section 2 - Operational Conditions and Risk Management Measures

Product characteristics	
Physical State	Liquid
pH	7-8
Water Solubility	Miscible
Vapor Pressure	23 hPa @ 20 °C
Covers concentrations up to 100 %	

Section 2.1 - Control of environmental exposure

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC8a - Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems

As a result of the hazard assessment carried out in accordance to Article 14.3 of REACH, the registrant concludes that the substance does not meet the criteria for classification as hazardous to the environment, therefore exposure assessments and risk characterisation for environmental endpoints were not developed. PNECs have been developed for completeness in the registration dossier.

Control of environmental exposure

Inherently biodegradable

Annual amount used in the EU 350 t/a

Section 2.2 - Control of worker exposure

General information on risk management related to physicochemical hazard

Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static charges. Use only non-sparking tools. Control entry to work area. Suitable fire detection system. Keep equipment under negative pressure. Check atmosphere for explosiveness and oxygen deficiencies. Segregate work area and mark with appropriate signs in accordance with local/regional/national legislation.

Control of worker exposure

Process category(ies) Covers concentrations up to Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use Assumes process temperature up to Minimum room ventilation rate for handling/application (air changes per hour)	PROC9 - Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) 100% < 1 hour(s) Indoor <=40°C 3-5
Covers skin contact area up to Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	480cm2 Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 80%
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10)
Process category(ies) Covers concentrations up to Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use Assumes process temperature up to Minimum room ventilation rate for handling/application (air changes per hour)	PROC10 - Roller application or brushing 100% < 1 hour(s) Indoor <=40°C 3-5
Covers skin contact area up to Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and	960cm2 Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 80%

exposure Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10) Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training
Process category(ies) Covers concentrations up to Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use Assumes process temperature up to Minimum room ventilation rate for handling/application (air changes per hour)	PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent 100% < 1 hour(s) Indoor use <=40°C 3-5
Covers skin contact area up to Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	240 cm2 Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 80%
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training
Control of consumer exposure	Not intended for consumer use

Section 3 - Exposure estimation

Environment

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC8a - Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems

As a result of the hazard assessment carried out in accordance to Article 14.3 of REACH, the registrant concludes that the substance does not meet the criteria for classification as hazardous to the environment, therefore exposure assessments and risk characterisation for environmental endpoints were not developed. PNECs have been developed for completeness in the registration dossier.

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) - See values below

Fresh water	4.32 mg/l	Marine water	0.432 mg/l
Fresh water sediment	23.3 mg/kg	Marine water sediment	2.3 mg/kg
Water Intermittent	21.6 mg/l	Soil (Agriculture)	2.1 mg/kg
Microorganisms in sewage	4.6 mg/l		
treatment			

<u>Health</u>

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) - See table for values

Route of exposure A	Acute effects (local)	Acute eff (system	•••••	ects Chronic effects (systemic)
Oral Dermal Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	96 mg/r	n³ 150 mg/m	12.6 mg/kg bw/day 3 72.4 mg/m ³
Process category(ies)	Exposure route	Р	redicted exposure level	Risk characterization ratio (RCR)
PROC9 - Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)	Worker - inhalative, long systemic	g-term -	2.103 mg/m ³	0.029
	Worker - inhalative, shor systemic	rt-term -	42.06 mg/m ³	0.438
	Worker - inhalative, long local	g-term -	2.103 mg/m ³	0.014

	Worker - inhalative, short-term - local	42.06 mg/m ³	0.14
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic	1.372 mg/kg/bw/day	0.109
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic		0.138
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic		0.438
PROC10 - Roller application or brushing	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	4.206 mg/m ³	0.058
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	84.12 mg/m ³	0.876
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	4.206 mg/m ³	0.028
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - local	84.12 mg/m ³	0.28
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic	1.097 mg/kg bw/day	0.087
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic		0.145
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic		0.876
PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	4.206 mg/m ³	0.058
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	84.12 mg/m ³	0.876
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	4.206 mg/m ³	0.028
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - local	84.12 mg/m ³	0.28
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic	0.014 mg/kg bw/day	<0.01
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic		0.059
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic		0.876

Calculation method

Used ECETOC TRA model

Remarks

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are implemented

Section 4 - Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Used ECETOC TRA model

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet

(http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html)

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the applicable exposure limits (given in section 8 of the SDS) when the operational conditions/risk management measures given in section 2 are implemented

ECHA guidance for downstream users